

Name: Klasse: Datum:

Present Perfect Arbeitsblatt - regelmäßige Verben

Das Present Perfect (Perfect) bildet man mit **have/has** und dem Past Participle. Bei den regelmäßigen Verben wird **-ed** an den Infinitiv (Grundform) gehängt. (Endet das Verb auf einem unbetontem **-e**, wird nur **-d** angehängt.)

I have listened to the song.	(Present Perfect, 1. Person Singular)
You have listened to the song.	(Present Perfect, 2. Person Singular)
He/She has listened to the song.	(Present Perfect, 3. Person Singular)
We have listened to the song.	(Present Perfect, 1. Person Plural)
You have listened to the song.	(Present Perfect, 2. Person Plural)
They have listened to the song.	(Present Perfect, 3. Person Plural)

1. Setze das Present Perfect von 'to live' ein.

I live in London. (Simple Present)

I _____ in London. (Present Perfect)

You live in London. (Simple Present)

You _____ in London. (Present Perfect)

He/She lives in London. (Simple Present)

He/She _____ in London. (Present Perfect)

We live in London. (Simple Present)

We _____ in London. (Present Perfect)

You live in London. (Simple Present)

You _____ in London. (Present Perfect)

They live in London. (Simple Present)

They _____ in London. (Present Perfect)

2. Setze das Present Perfect von 'to live' ein.

You _____ in Nottingham.

He/She _____ in Nottingham.

We _____ in Nottingham.

They _____ in Nottingham.

You _____ in Nottingham.

I _____ in Lonon.